Energy Harvesting Active Networked Tags (EnHANTs)

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Energy-Harvesting Active Networked Tags (EnHANTs)

A new class of ultra-low power devices

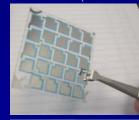
- Small, flexible, energetically self-reliant tags
- Will enable pervasive multihop networks of objects (books, toys, produce, clothing, etc.)
- Will exchange mostly IDs
- Will be used for tracking applications

Energy Harvesting

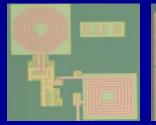
- Ambient light
- Ultra-low-power communications
 - Ultra-Wideband (UWB)
 - Spend a few nano-Joules per bit
- Fit between sensor networks and RFIDs

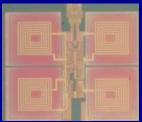










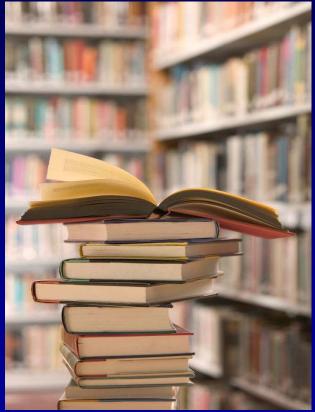




EnHANTs Tracking Application - Example*

Locating a misplaced book in a library

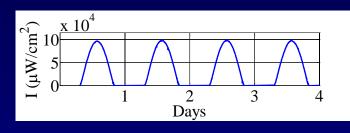
- Books will be equipped with EnHANTs on the cover
 - Harvest light energy
 - Exchange only IDs (Dewey Decimal System)
 - Communicate within very short range (ultra-low-power)
- A Book whose ID is significantly different from its neighbors will be identified
- The information will be wirelessly forwarded to sink nodes and from there to the librarian



- A Librarian accessing the shelves with a reader will be able to locate a specific book
- * Sponsored by Google "organizing the world's physical objects"

EnHANTs Energy Budget Characterization

- Determine: data rates, device characteristics, etc.
- Outdoor Solar energy examined in depth

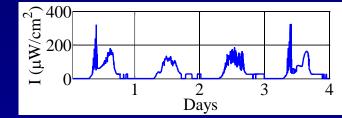




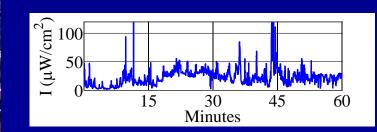
- Indoor light energy almost no data
- Energy measurement campaign
 - Long-term (year+) indoor installations

Traces available: <u>enhants.ee.columbia.edu</u>

Mobile experiments

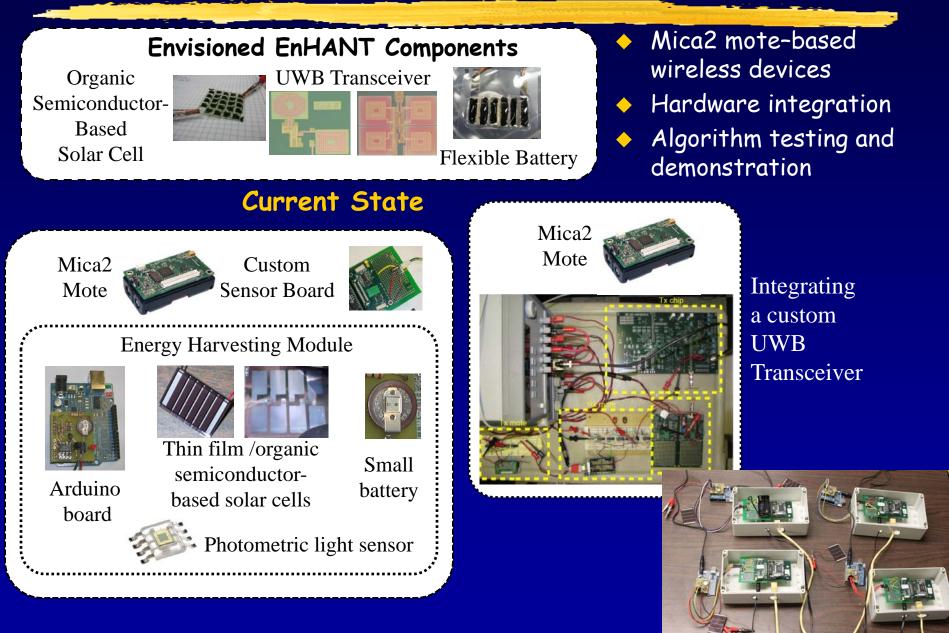








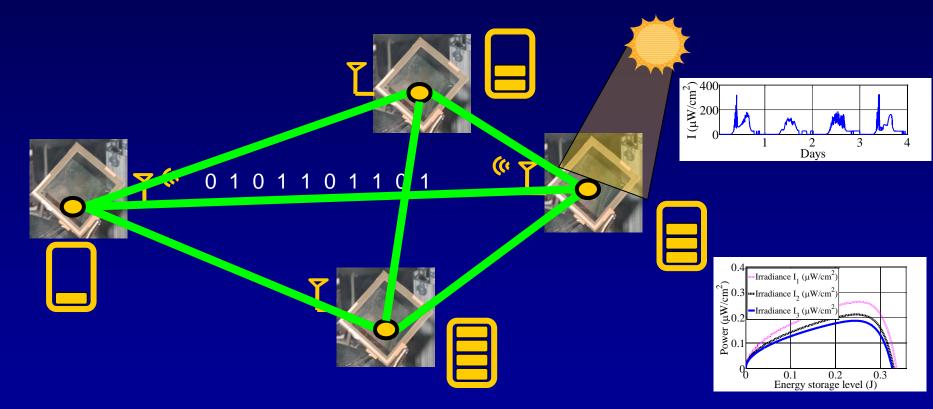
Prototyping and Testbed Development



Information Exchange

Each EnHANT has a unique ID

Main Application - form a network of EnHANTs and collect IDs



Algorithms for joint decisions regarding states and rates

- Limited exchange of control information
- Limited computation

Summary

EnHANTs will be one of the enabler for the Internet of Things

- Mostly for tracking applications (healthcare, supply chain management, disaster recovery, public safety)
- Developing the enabling technologies
- Characterizing energy availability
- Designing energy harvesting adaptive algorithms
 - Various tradeoffs between computation and communications
 - Most of the previous work dealt with a few nodes, sunlight, etc.
 - Scalability is the next big challenge
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